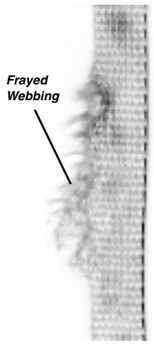
Important User Instructions

GENERAL:

Both ANSI Z359.1-1992 (R1999) 4.2.9 and ANSI 10.14 require users to be trained by a competent person other than the user before this lanyard is used on the job. Each unit shall be inspected every six months according to the manufacturer's recommendation and the date of each inspection shall be recorded on the attached tag. Equipment showing any defect shall be withdrawn from service immediately. All fall protection systems subjected to impacts caused by a free fall or by testing shall be removed from service and shall not be used again.

INSPECTION:

Each unit shall be visually inspected for defects prior to each use and particular attention should be directed to the following potential defects: (1) worn parts (2) loose or damaged connection points or areas (3) deterioration (4) operational defects (5) damaged or distorted snap hooks (6) faulty springs (7) sharp edges (8) burrs (9) cracks or (10) corrosion. Equipment showing any defect shall be withdrawn from service immediately.



In addition, all Lewis Slow-Stop Lanyards must be inspected before each use for signs of previous deployment: (1) ripped or missing 1" long red safety stitching at the side of the yellow containment sleeve (2) torn webbing (3) torn or broken containment sleeve or (4) overall length of lanyard measures more than six inches longer than length indicated on label.

All Lewis Manufacturing Company safety equipment is inspected for quality assurance according to ANSI Z359.1-1992 (R1999) 4.2.9. A qualified person must inspect this safety device twice a year using the listed potential defects as a reference. The month and the year of inspection is recorded by marking the correct letter or number on the tag. The item in this box can be identified by referring to the following information:

Serial No. _____

Type: _____

Inspected By: _____

Date: _____

The fabric label attached to the lanyard indicates the ANSI Z359.1-1992 (R1999) 4.2.9 and EN 355:2002 numbers which the systems have also been proven to meet or exceed.

Do not alter this lanyard in any way. Failure to use properly may result in serious bodily harm.

STORAGE OF EQUIPMENT:

Each unit should be stored in a cool dry place and not subjected to direct sunlight.

CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Clean using warm water and a mild detergent. Wipe with clean dry cloth.

2. Hang to air dry, away from direct source of heat.

Please keep this form along with the certification on file for the life of the products you are using. It is very important that these guidelines be followed in order to avoid serious injury or even death. If you have any questions regarding the use or inspection of any Lewis Manufacturing Company equipment, please feel free to call us collect at any time at (405) 634-5401.

Now accepting Visa and MasterCard.

Don't forget to visit our website on the internet at:
www.lewismanufacturingco.com

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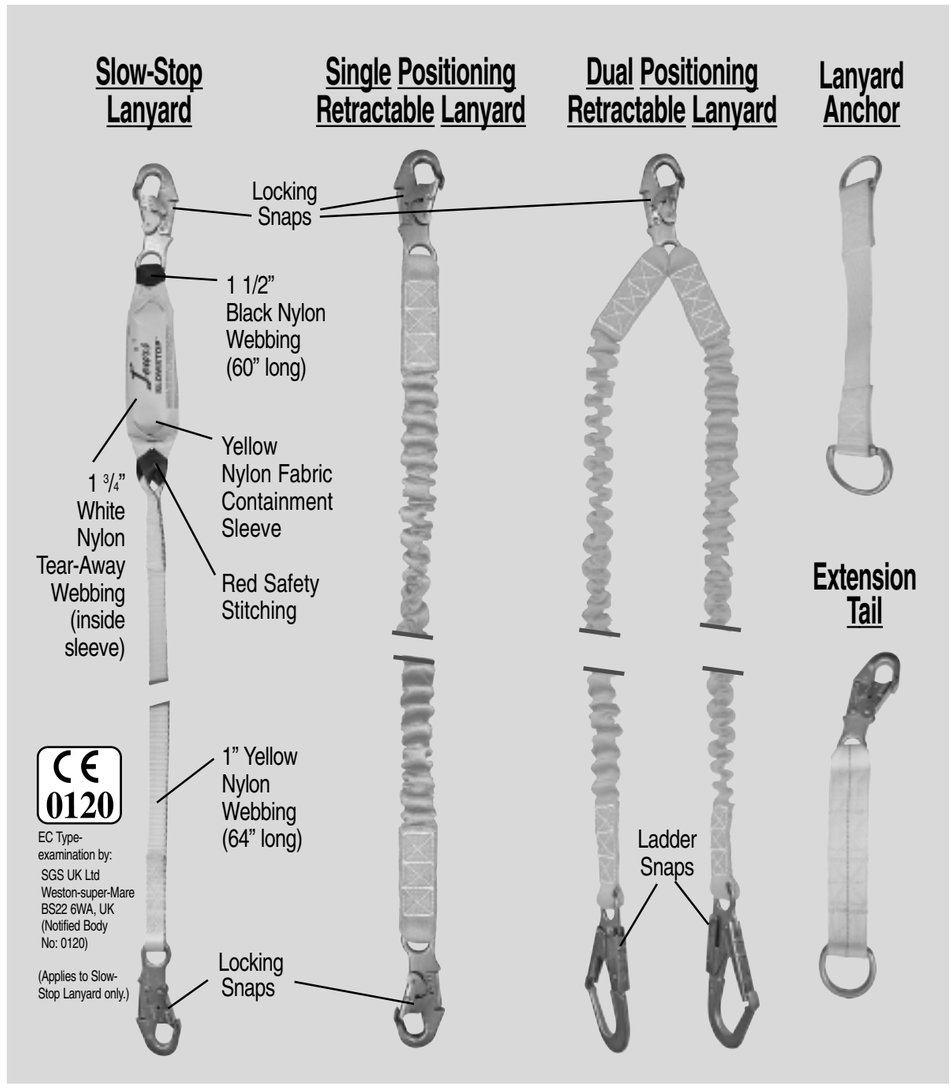
Revised 3/06

Fall Protection Lanyards Instruction Manual

Lewis
OILFIELD, INDUSTRIAL & UTILITY SUPPLIES
Lewis Manufacturing Co.
OKLAHOMA CITY OKLAHOMA


Slow-Stop Lanyard
Single Positioning Retractable Lanyard
Dual Positioning Retractable Lanyard
Lanyard Anchor
Locking Snaps
1 1/2" Black Nylon Webbing (60" long)
1 3/4" White Nylon Tear-Away Webbing (inside sleeve)
Yellow Nylon Fabric Containment Sleeve
Red Safety Stitching
Extension Tail
CE 0120
EC Type-examination by: SGS UK Ltd Weston-super-Mare BS22 6WA, UK (Notified Body No: 0120)
(Applies to Slow-Stop Lanyard only.)
1" Yellow Nylon Webbing (64" long)
Ladder Snaps
Locking Snaps

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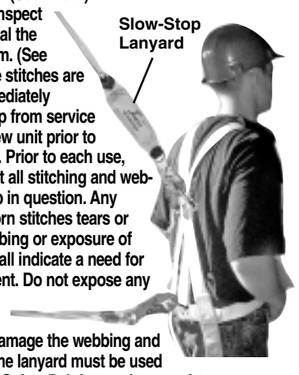
Lewis Fall Protection Lanyards

How To Use Lewis Fall Protection Lanyards

The purpose of the Lewis Slow-Stop Lanyard is to provide the user a means of fall deceleration. The Slow-Stop Lanyard shall not be used as a work positioning device. If work positioning is required, the Lewis Tail Rope must be used in conjunction with a Slow-Stop Lanyard. (See Photo)

Prior to each use, inspect the stitches which seal the Slow-Stop mechanism. (See Photo) If any of these stitches are torn or missing, immediately remove the Slow-Stop from service and replace with a new unit prior to performing any work. Prior to each use, the user must inspect all stitching and webbing of the Slow-Stop in question. Any fraying, missing or torn stitches tears or abrasions of the webbing or exposure of the wear indicator shall indicate a need for immediate replacement. Do not expose any Lewis Slow-Stop lanyard to any heat source, as this can damage the webbing and create a fall hazard.The lanyard must be used with a genuine Lewis Safety Belt for maximum safety.



The purpose of the Lewis Single and Dual Positioning Retractable Lanyards is to provide the user a means of WORK POSITIONING. Lewis Positioning Lanyards either in the single or dual configuration SHALL NOT BE USED AS A DECELERATION DEVICE. The user is required to utilize a deceleration lanyard (Slow-Stop) or other type of fall deceleration device in addition to our Positioning Lanyard or Steel Tail Rope. (See Photo)

Prior to each use, the user must inspect all stitching and webbing of the Lanyard in question. Any fraying, missing or torn stitches, tears or abrasions of the webbing, or exposure of the wear indicator, shall indicate a need for immediate replacement. Do not expose any Lewis Lanyard to any heat source as this could damage the webbing and create a fall hazard.

Always use the shortest lanyard possible. Lanyards must be attached so maximum free fall is 1.8 feet (0.5 meters).

All Lewis lanyards are manufactured in conformance with the provisions of ANSI Z359.1-1992 (R1999) 4.2.9 and they meet or exceed the requirements outlined by ANSI 10.14 (1991).

This operating instructions manual must always be kept available as long as the lanyard with which it was furnished is in service. The inspection tag on the lanyard shall be kept current as per instructions on the reverse side of this manual.

WARNING *Do not alter any Lewis Manufacturing equipment in any way. Alteration or improper use of this lanyard can result in severe bodily harm or even death. Lewis Manufacturing does not assume any liability for accidents or injuries resulting from a field-repaired or altered belt. Avoid attaching lanyard around sharp edges.*

Each unit shall be visually inspected for defects prior to each use as per directions described in the inspection section of this pamphlet. Record inspection dates monthly.

Step # 1

Open up lanyard as shown here.

Size Chart

Slow-Stop

Part No.	Length
SLO-2-Y	2'
SLO-4-Y	4'
SLO-6-Y	6'

Dual Positioning Retractable Lanyard

Part No.	Length
DPRL-2-Y	2'
DPRL-4-Y	4'
DPRL-6-Y	6'

Single Positioning Retractable Lanyard

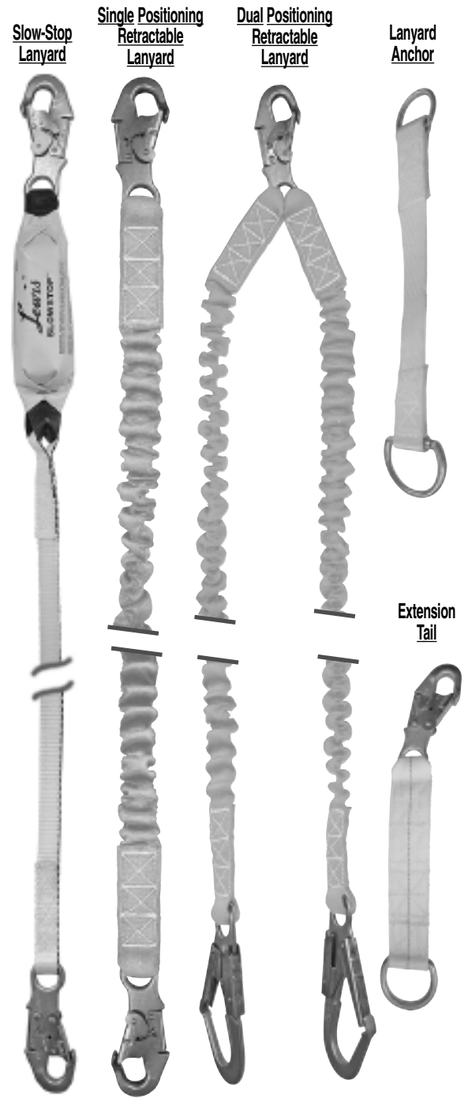
Part No.	Length
SPRL-2-Y	2'
SPRL-4-Y	4'
SPRL-6-Y	6'

Lanyard Anchor

Part No.	Length
LA-2-Y	2'
LA-3-Y	3'
LA-4-Y	4'
LA-6-Y	6'

Extension Tail

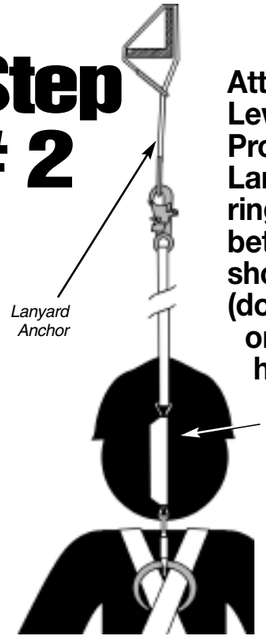
Part No.	Length
ET-1.5-Y	1 ½'



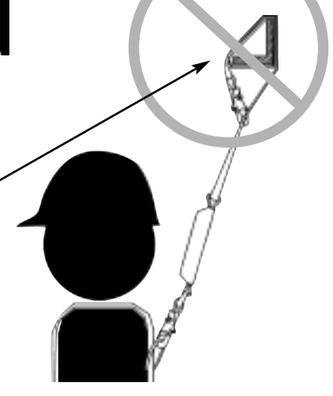
WARNING Don't use this lanyard if your weight exceeds 300 lbs.! (136 kg.)

Step # 2

Attach genuine Lewis Fall Protection Lanyard to the D-ring on the back between the shoulders (dorsal D-ring) on a full body harness.



Connect so the energy absorber unit of the lanyard is nearest to the body.

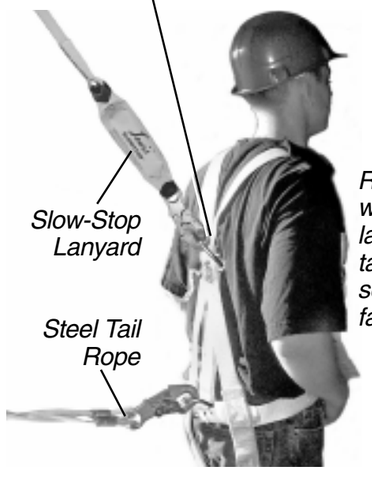


Fall protection lanyards must ALWAYS be used in conjunction with an approved anchorage connector. NEVER wrap a lanyard around an anchorage for use without an approved anchorage connector such as: 1. Lanyard Anchor 2. Web Loop 3. Tie-back Lanyard 4. Wire Form Pipe Hook 5. Rope Grab (Connecting Subsystem).

Always connect the energy absorber end of the lanyard to the body support (harness). Connect the lanyard end to the anchorage or anchorage connector. Component style energy absorbers should be connected to the body support first, then coupled to the rest of the system. Some anchorage connector devices may be supplied with permanently attached energy absorber. Use of an additional energy absorber or energy absorbing lanyard with these types of subsystems is not recommended.

Lanyard in use.

"A" marking on fall arrest harness denotes the point for attachment of lanyard.



Rear view with lanyard and tail rope secured for fall arrest.

WARNING Don't use these products if your weight exceeds 300 lbs.! (136 kg.)

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Important User Instructions

1.0 APPLICATIONS

1.1 PURPOSE: Lewis Manufacturing Company Energy Absorbing Lanyards and Energy Absorbers are intended to be used as part of a personal fall arrest system. Applications for these products include inspection work, construction and demolition, maintenance, oil production, confined space rescue, and other similar activities where there exists the possibility of an accidental fall. This equipment is specially designed to dissipate fall energy and limit fall arrest forces transferred to the body.

1.2 The following application limitations must be considered before using this product:

A. CAPACITY: This equipment is for use by persons with a combined weight (person, clothing, tools, etc.) of no more than 300 lbs.

B. PHYSICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Use of this equipment in areas containing physical or environmental hazards may require that additional precautions be taken to reduce the possibility of damage to this equipment or injury to the user. Hazards may include, but are not limited to: high heat, strong or caustic chemicals, corrosive environments, the possibility of electric current flowing through this equipment when working near high voltage power lines, explosive or toxic gases, moving machinery, or sharp edges. Contact Lewis Manufacturing if you have any questions about the application of this equipment in areas where physical or environmental hazards are present.

C. TRAINING: This equipment is intended to be installed and used by persons who have been properly trained in its correct application and use.

1.3 Refer to national consensus (including ANSI Z359.1 and ANSI A10.14), applicable local, state, and federal (OSHA) requirements governing this equipment for more information on Energy Absorbing Lanyards, Energy Absorbers and associated system components.

2.0 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

2.1 COMPATIBILITY OF CONNECTORS: Lewis Manufacturing equipment is designed for use with Lewis Manufacturing approved components and subsystems only. Substitutions or replacements made with non-approved components or systems may jeopardize compatibility of equipment and may effect the safety and reliability of the complete system.

COMPATIBILITY: Connectors are considered to be compatible with connecting elements when they have been designed to work together in such a way that their sizes and shapes do not cause their gate mechanisms to inadvertently open regardless of how they become oriented. Contact Lewis Manufacturing if you have any questions about compatibility.

Connectors (hooks, carabiners and D-rings) must be capable of supporting at least 5,000 lbs. (22kN). Connectors must be compatible with anchorage or other system components. Do not use equipment that is not compatible. Non-compatible connectors may unintentionally disengage. Connectors must be compatible in size, shape and length. Self locking snap hooks and carabiners are required by ANSI Z359.1 and OSHA.

2.2 Making Connections: Use only self-locking snap hooks and carabiners with this equipment. Use only connectors that are suitable for each application. Ensure all connections are compatible in size, shape and strength. Do not use equipment that is not compatible. Ensure all connectors are fully closed and locked.

Lewis Manufacturing connectors (snap hooks and carabiners) are designed to be used only as specified in each product's user's instructions. See Figure 3 for inappropriate connections. Lewis Manufacturing snap hooks and carabiners should not be connected:

A. To a D-ring to which another connector is attached.

B. In a manner that would result in a load on the gate.

Note: Large throat opening snap hooks should not be connected to standard size D-rings or similar objects which will result in a load on the gate if the hook or D-ring twists or rotates. Large throat snap hooks are designed for use on fixed structural elements such as rebar or cross members that are not shaped in a way that can capture the gate of the hook.

C. In a false engagement, where features that protrude from the snap hook or carabiner catch on the anchor and without visual confirmation seems to be fully engaged to the anchor point.

D. To each other

E. Directly to webbing or rope lanyard or tie-back (unless the manufacturer's instructions for both the lanyard and connector specifically allows such a connection.

F. To any object which is shaped or dimensioned such that the snap hook or carabiners with not close and lock, or that roll-out could occur.

2.3 ANCHORAGE STRENGTH: Anchorages selected for personal fall arrest systems (PFAS) shall have a strength capable of sustaining static loads, applied in the directions permitted by the PFAS, or at least: (A) 3,600 lbs. when certification exists (reference ANSI Z359.1 for certification definition), or (B) 5,000 lbs. in the absence of certification. When more than one PFAS is attached to an anchorage, the anchorage strengths set forth in (A) and (B) above must be multiplied by the number of PFAS attached to the anchorage. Per OSHA 1926.500 and 1910.66 - Anchorages used for attachment of PFAS shall be independent of any anchorage being used to support or suspend platforms, and capable of supporting at least 5,000 lbs. per user attached, or be designed, installed, and used as part of a complete PFAS which maintains a safety factor of at least two, and is supervised by a qualified person.

3.0 OPERATION AND USE

WARNING: *Do not alter or intentionally misuse this equipment. Consult Lewis Manufacturing when using this equipment in combination components or subsystems other than those described in this manual. Some subsystem and component combinations may interfere with the operation of this equipment. Use caution when using this equipment around moving machinery, electrical hazards, chemical hazards, and sharp edges.*

WARNING: *Consult your doctor if there is reason to doubt your fitness to safely absorb the shock from a fall arrest. Age and fitness seriously affect a worker's ability to withstand falls. Pregnant women or minors must not use Lewis Manufacturing energy absorbing lanyards.*

3.1 BEFORE EACH USE of this equipment, carefully inspect it to assure that it is in good working condition. Check for worn or damaged parts. Ensure all hardware is present and secure, and is not distorted or have any sharp edges, burrs, cracks or corrosion. Ensure self-locking snap hooks or carabiners work properly. Inspect rope or webbing for wear, cuts, burns, frayed edges, breaks or other damage. See section 5.0 for further inspection details. Do not use if inspection reveals an unsafe condition.

3.2 PLAN your fall protection system before starting your work. Take into consideration factors that effect your safety before, during and after a fall. The following list gives some important points to consider when planning your system:

A. ANCHORAGE: Select a rigid anchorage point that is capable of supporting the required loads. See section 2.3. The anchorage location must be carefully selected to reduce possible free fall and swing fall hazards and to avoid striking an object during a fall. The anchorage should be generally level (horizontal) to prevent the anchorage connector from sliding down an incline when in use, which could cause serious injury to the user.

B. FREE FALL: Personal fall arrest systems must be rigged such that the potential free fall is never greater than 6 feet (5 feet per ANSI A10.14). Avoid working above your anchorage level to avoid an increased free fall distance.

C. FALL ARREST FORCES: The assembled fall arrest system must keep fall arrest forces below 1,800 lbs. when used with a full body harness.

D. FALL CLEARANCE: Should a fall occur, there must be sufficient clearance in the fall area to arrest the fall before striking the ground or other object. energy absorbers can extend the fall arrest distance by up to 42 inches. Figure 4 shows how to estimate fall clearance distance when using an energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber subsystem. Other factors may influence the required clearance distances. For example, using an energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber with a rope grab (fall arrestor) may require additional clearance due to stretch in the lifeline or sliding of the rope grab on the lifeline during fall arrest. Some full body harness models incorporate a sliding (positional) D-ring in the back as the fall arrest attachment, movement of this D-ring during fall arrest can increase the fall clearance distance required. Use caution when assembling system components that could act to extend the fall arrest distance (and therefore fall clearance required). Refer to manufacturer's instructions for each part of the system for more information on fall clearance.

Swing Falls

E. SWING FALLS: Swing falls occur when the anchorage point is not directly above the point where a fall occurs. The force of striking an object while swinging (horizontal speed of the user due to the pendulum affect) can be great and may cause serious injury. In a swing fall situation, the total vertical fall distance of the user will be greater than if the user had fallen vertically directly below the total free fall distance and the area needed to safely arrest the fall. Swing falls can be minimized by working as directly below the anchorage point as possible. Never permit a swing fall if injury could occur. If a swing fall situation exists in your application, contact Lewis Manufacturing before proceeding.

F. SHARP EDGES: Avoid working where the lanyard, subsystem, or other system components will be in contact with, or abrade against, unprotected sharp edges. Do not loop lanyard around small diameter structural members. If working with this equipment near sharp edges is unavoidable, protection against cutting must be provided by using a heavy pad or other means over the exposed sharp edge.

G. RESCUE: Should a fall occur, the user (employer) must have a rescue plan and the ability to implement it.

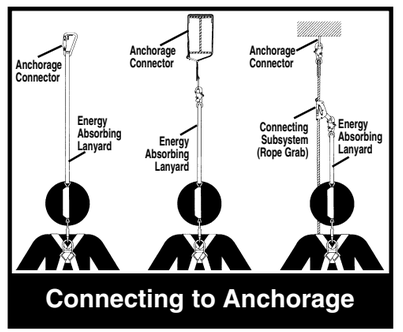
H. AFTER A FALL: Lanyards with integral energy absorbers, or energy absorber components which have been subjected to the forces of arresting a fall must be removed from service and destroyed.

WARNING: Read and follow manufacturer's instructions for associated equipment (full body harness, rope grab, etc.) used in your fall protection system.

IMPORTANT: For special (custom) versions of this product, follow the instructions herein. If included, see supplement for additional instructions.

3.3. MAKING CONNECTIONS: When using a hook to connect to an anchorage, or when coupling components of the system together, ensure accidental disengagement (roll-out) cannot occur. Roll-out occurs when interference between a hook and the mating connector causes the hook's gate or keeper to accidentally open and release. Roll-out may occur when a hook is connected to an undersized ring such as an eye bolt or other non-compatible shaped connector. Self locking snap hooks or self-locking and self-closing gate carabiners should be used to reduce the possibility of roll-out when making connections. Do not use hooks or connectors that will not completely close over the attachment object. For these situations, use a tie-off adaptor or other anchorage connector to allow a compatible connection. Do not knot lanyard in any manner, and do not hook lanyard back into itself (choker style). Snap hooks and carabiners must not be connected to each other. Do not attach snap hooks to web loops.

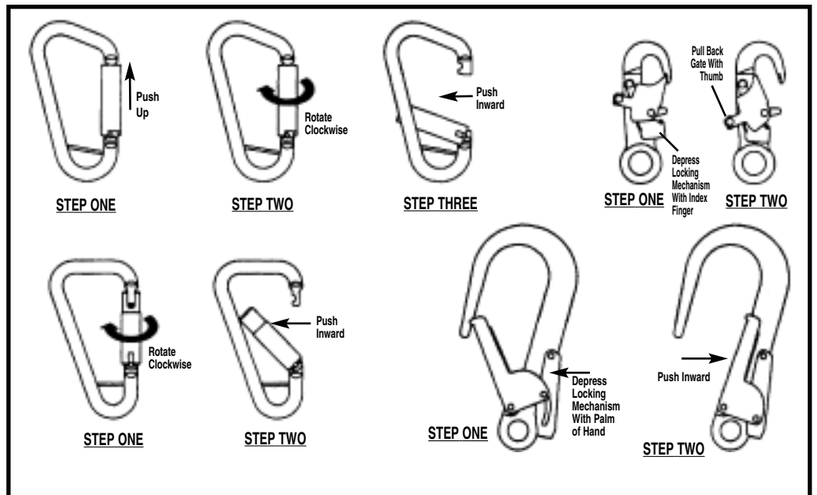
A. CONNECTING TO ANCHORAGE OR ANCHORAGE CONNECTOR: Always connect the energy absorber end of the lanyard to the body support (harness). connect the lanyard end to the anchorage or anchorage connector. Component style energy absorbers should be connected to the body support first, then coupled to the rest of the system. Some anchorage connector devices may be supplied with permanently attached energy absorber. Use of an additional energy absorber or energy absorbing lanyard with these types of subsystems is not recommended. 100% tie-off "Y" type energy absorbing lanyards can be used to provide continuous fall protection while ascending, descending, or moving laterally. With one lanyard leg attached, the worker can move to a new location, attach unused lanyard leg, and disconnect attached leg. This procedure is repeated until new location is reached. With the Slow-Stop 100% tie-off type lanyard, only one leg of the lanyard shall be attached to the anchorage connector once working location is reached.



Connecting to Anchorage

Attaching a Tie-Back Lanyard: Place the tie-back lanyard over the anchoring structure. Ensure the lanyard is not twisted. Adjust the floating D-ring so it hands below the anchoring structure. Attach the lanyard end hook to the floating D-ring.

Attaching a Lanyard with Wire Form Pipe Hook: The wire form



Making Connection

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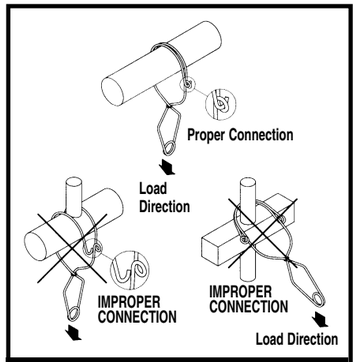
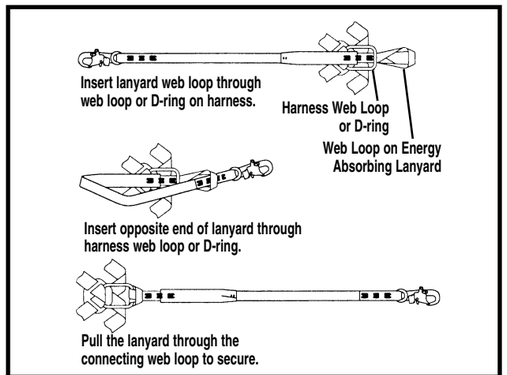


Attaching Wire Form

pipe hook is intended for use with pipes up to three inches in diameter. The anchorage must be geometrically compatible in size and shape. Do not side load the pipe hook. do not allow the pipe hook to contact electrical sources. Squeeze the handle to open the hook. Place hook around the anchorage and release handle. When connecting to an anchorage, ensure the hook fully closes and closure hooks engage eye loops on hook body.

B. CONNECTING TO THE BODY SUPPORT: Connect the energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber to the D-ring on the back between the shoulders (dorsal D-ring) on a full body harness. Connect

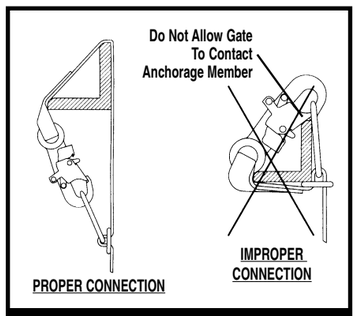

Insert lanyard web loop through web loop or D-ring on harness.
Harness Web Loop or D-ring
Web Loop on Energy Absorbing Lanyard
Insert opposite end of lanyard through harness web loop or D-ring.
Pull the lanyard through the connecting web loop to secure.

Attaching Web Loop

so the energy absorber portion of the lanyard is on the body support side. Lewis Manufacturing does not recommend using a body belt for fall arrest applications. If using a body belt, connect the energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber to the D-ring and position the belt so the D-ring is located on the back side of the body.

Attaching a Lanyard with Web Loops:

1. Insert the energy absorbing lanyard web loop through the harness web loop or D-ring.



Attaching Tie-Back

2. Insert the opposite end of the energy absorbing lanyard through the connecting web loop.

3. Pull the attached energy absorbing lanyard through the connecting web loop to secure.

C. CONNECTING TO A ROPE GRAB (FALL ARRESTOR): It is recommended the lanyard end (vs. the energy absorber end) be attached to the rope grab. This recommendation is made to reduce possible interference with the operation of the rope grab by the energy absorber "pack". Attaching a component style energy absorber to a rope grab is not recommended, with the exception of a "direct-coupling" between a rope grab and a harness. Some rope grabs may be supplied with a permanently attached energy absorbing lanyard. For these cases, use of an additional energy absorber connected between the rope grab and the body support is not recommended. In some cases, it may be permissible to couple an energy absorber component between the anchorage (or anchorage connector) and the rope grab lifeline. In all cases, ensure the length of the energy absorber or energy absorbing lanyard does not exceed the rope grab manufacturer's recommended maximum connection length (3 feet maximum per ANSI Z359.1).

D. CONNECTING TO SELF RETRACTING LIFELINE:
Lewis Manufacturing does not recommend connecting an energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber component to a self retracting lifeline. Special applications do exist where it may be permissible. Contact Lewis Manufacturing if considering connecting an energy absorbing lanyard to a self retracting lifeline.

3.4 After use, return the lanyard for cleaning or storage as described in section 6.0

4.0 TRAINING

4.1 It is the responsibility of all users of this equipment to understand these instruction, and to be trained in the correct installation, use and maintenance of this equipment. these individuals must be aware of the consequences of improper installation or use of this equipment. This user manual is not a substitute for a comprehensive training program. Training must be provided on a periodic basis to ensure proficiency of the users.

IMPORTANT: Training must be conducted without exposing the trainee to a fall hazard. Training should be repeated on a periodic basis.

5.0 INSPECTION

5.1 FREQUENCY

• Before each use, visually inspect per steps listed in sections 5.2 and 5.3.

• The lanyard must be inspected by a competent person other than the user at least annually. See sections 5.2 and 5.3 for guidelines. Record the results of each formal inspection in the inspection log found in section 9.0

IMPORTANT: If the energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber component has been subjected to fall arrest or impact forces, it must be immediately removed from service and destroyed.
IMPORTANT: Extreme working conditions (harsh environment, prolonged use, etc.) may require increasing the frequency of inspections.

5.2 INSPECTION STEPS

Step 1. Inspect energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber component hardware (snap hooks, adjusters, swages, thimbles, etc.). These items must not be damaged, broken, distorted, or have any sharp edges, burrs cracks, worn parts, or corrosion. Ensure the connecting hooks work properly. Hook gates must move freely and lock upon closing. Ensure adjusters (if present) work properly.

Step 2. Inspect the energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber component per the following as applicable:

WEBBING AND STITCHING: The webbing material must be free of frayed, cut, or broken fibers. Check for tears, abrasions, mold, burns, or discoloration, etc. The webbing must be free of knots, excessive discolored, or brittle areas. check for ultraviolet damage indicated by discoloration and the presence of splinters or slivers on the webbing surface. All of the above factors are known to reduce webbing strength. Damaged or questionable webbing should be replaced. Inspect stitching for pulled or cut stitches. Broken stitches may be an indication the energy absorbing lanyard or energy absorber component has been impact loaded and must be removed from service.

WIRE ROPE: Inspect entire length of the wire rope. Always wear protective gloves when inspecting wire rope. Inspect for broken wires by passing cable through gloved hands, flexing it every few inches to expose breaks. Broken wires can be removed by bending the wire back and forth parallel to the rope length. Do not attempt to pull wires out of rope. Remove the energy absorbing lanyard from service immediately and destroy if there are six or more randomly distributed broken wires in one lay, or three or more broken wires in one strand in one lay. A "lay" of wire rope is the length of wire rope that it takes for a strand (the larger groups of wires) to complete one revolution or twist along the rope. Remove the energy absorbing lanyard from service immediately and destroy if there are any broken wires within one inch of the metal compression sleeves (swages) at either end of the assembly. The wire rope should be free of corrosion.

Step 3. ENERGY ABSORBING COMPONENT: Inspect energy absorber to determine if it has been activated. there should be no evidence of elongation. Ensure energy absorber cover is secure and not torn or damaged. On the Slow-Stop Lanyard models, the lanyard webbing will tear out to reveal the warning on the impact indicator label.

Step 4. All labels should be present and fully legible.

Step 5. Inspect each system component or subsystem per associated manufacturer's instruction.

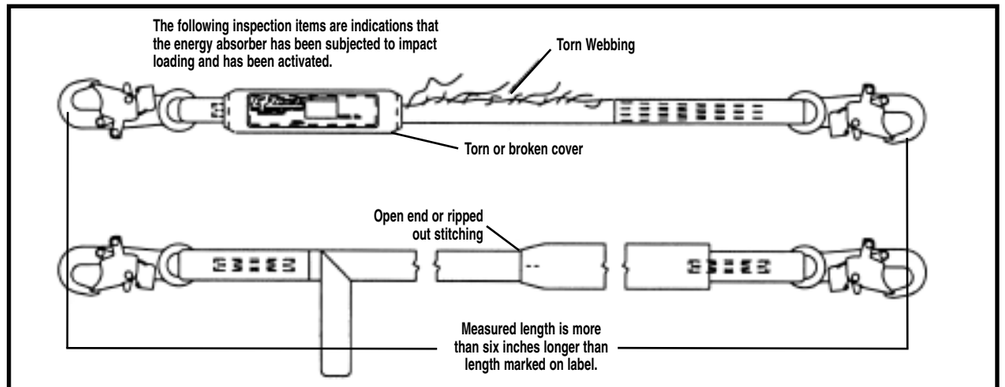
Step 6. Record the inspection date and results in the inspection log.

5.3 If inspection reveals an unsafe condition, remove unit from service immediately and destroy, or contact an authorized service center for repair.

NOTE: Only Lewis Manufacturing or parties authorized in writing may make repairs to this equipment.

Please keep this form along with the certification on file for the life of the products you are using. It is very important that these guidelines be followed in order to avoid serious injury or even death. If you have any questions, concerns or doubts regarding safety equipment inspection or placing this or other Lewis Manufacturing product(s) into service, we urge you to contact us collect at any time at (405) 634-5401 or toll-free at 1-888-398-4719.

⚠WARNING All Lewis Slow-Stop lanyards are manufactured with a one inch long section of red safety stitching at the base of the yellow containment sleeve. When this red stitching is torn or missing, the Slow-Stop unit has been deployed and MUST be removed from service and replaced immediately.


The following inspection items are indications that the energy absorber has been subjected to impact loading and has been activated.
Torn Webbing
Torn or broken cover
Open end or ripped out stitching
Measured length is more than six inches longer than length marked on label.

Inspecting the Energy Absorber for Activation

6.0 MAINTENANCE, SERVICING, STORAGE

6.1 Clean lanyard with water and a mild detergent solution. Wipe off hardware with a clean, dry cloth, and hang to air dry. do not force dry with heat. If you have any questions regarding cleaning of this equipment, or require more information, contact Lewis Manufacturing. An excessive buildup of dirt, paint, etc., may prevent the lanyard from working properly, and in severe cases, degrade the webbing or rope to a point where it has become weakened and should be removed from service. If you have any questions concerning the condition of your lanyard, or have any doubt about putting it into service, contact Lewis Manufacturing.

6.2 Additional maintenance and servicing procedures (replacement parts) must be completed by a factory authorized service center. Authorization must be in writing. Do not disassemble the unit. See section 5.1 for inspection frequency.

6.3 Store the lanyard in a cool, dry, clean environment out of direct sunlight. Avoid areas where chemical vapors may exist. Thoroughly inspect the lanyard or energy absorber component after extended storage.

7.0 SPECIFICATIONS

- The maximum arresting force of Lewis Manufacturing lanyards and components when dynamically tested accordance with ANSI Z359.1 is 900 lbs.
- The maximum elongation of the Energy Absorbing lanyard or Energy Absorber component when dynamically tested in accordance with ANSI Z359.1 is 42 inches.
- Maximum free fall distance must be no greater than 6 feet per federal law and ANSI Z359.1 (5 feet per ANSI A10.14)

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